



Water Resources in Jordan and the Arab World

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Royal Scientific Society

An independent organization leading the technological change in Jordan. Established in 1970

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RSS Major Activities

Specialized Technical Services

Applied Research

Human Resources Development



RSS Technical Fields

? Information Technology ? Environment ? Industrial Chemistry ? Electronics Services ? Mechanical Design & Technology ? Building Technologies



Water in the ARAB WORLD



? Population of about 350 M

- ? Available water per capita is declining successfully from over 3000 m3/y in 1950s to less than 1000 m3 /y at present.
- ? Agri productivity is found low in many areas, the average of contribution in GDP for ESCWA is 9%
- ? Water use in agriculture is expected to decrease.

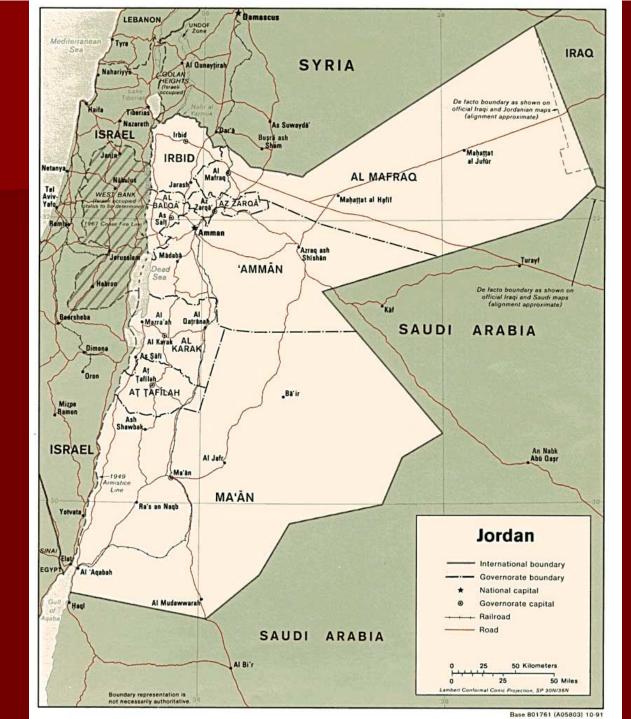


JORDAN

Jordan is known to be one of the most water scarce countries in the world, where water shortage has become of permanent nature, meeting water demands a challenge, and managing water resources imperative.

MWI site







Introduction

- ? Total area 90 000 km²
- ? Population: 5.2 M, growth rate = 3 %
- ? About 60% of the Jordanian people are less than 24 years of age.
- ? Jordan's climate is mainly semi-arid to arid.
- ? Only 4% of the country's total area receives more than 300mm/year of rain (the highlands). Precipitation rates decrease drastically to the east and to the west of the highlands.
- ? The long-term average annual precipitation is 8,500 MCM, average per capita is 170 MCM, average 92.5% is lost to evaporation.

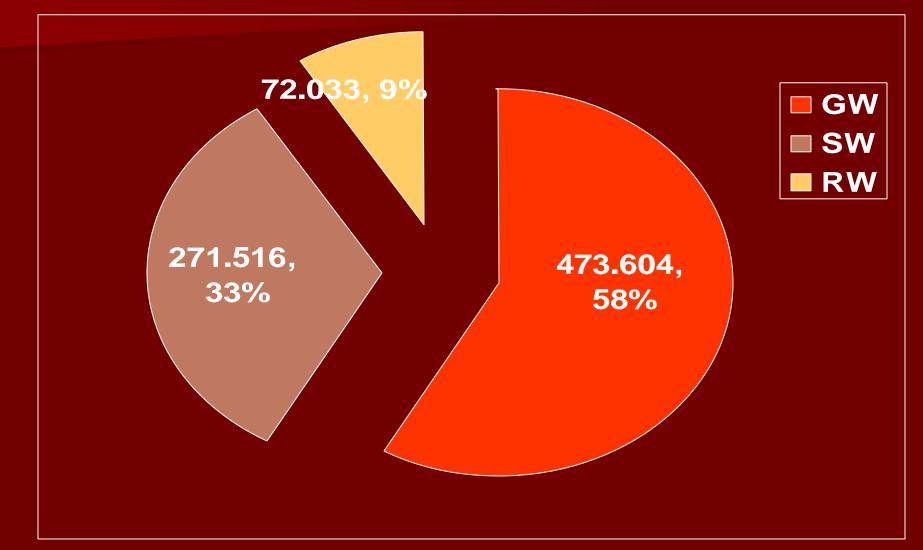


Water Resources

- ? Mainly Ground Water and Surface Water
- ? Renewable : 780 MCM/Y (GW: 275 MCM/Y + SW: 505 MCM/Y)
- ? 143 MCM/Y from fossil water (underway)
- ? 50 MCM/Y from desalination (underway)
- ? Reclaimed water: 80 MCM/ Y
- ? Thus total available in the near future = 1048 MCM/Y

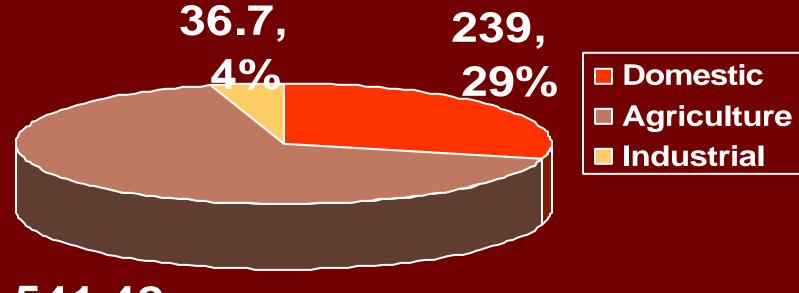


Sources of Water Used in 2000 Total 817 MCM





Distribution in major sectors



541.42 ,67%



Projected demand (MCM/Y)

Year	2010	2020
Use		
Municipal	434	611
Industrial	99	146
Agriculture	904	890
Total	1436	1647



- Over-exploitation ratio of groundwater sources is 185% in 2000, causing drawdown in water levels and deterioration of water quality.
- ? More than 95% of the population are served by domestic water network (with high rates of unaccounted-for water)
- ? 56% of the population are served by public sewerage network.
- ? 19 public domestic wastewater treatment plants treating 82 MCM (2000), all of secondary treatment levels. Reclaimed water is indirectly used for irrigation.





? Population about 9.2 M
? Water demand about 1700 MCM
? Total available resources about 1300 MCM
? Deficit about 400 MCM
? Or water per capita down to about 140 m3/y



Major projects

- ? Water conveyance from Disi aquifer / Aqaba to Amman.
- ? Constructing new dams.
- ? Upgrading domestic wastewater treatment plants.
- ? Water desalination (brackish and sea water)
- ? Improving water supply network.
- ? Water conservation programs (Agriculture and at large users).



Water for food

? Taking the figure of 1205 m3/p are required for food + domestic use.
? Then Jordan needs now about more than 6 BCM and 12 BCM in 2020



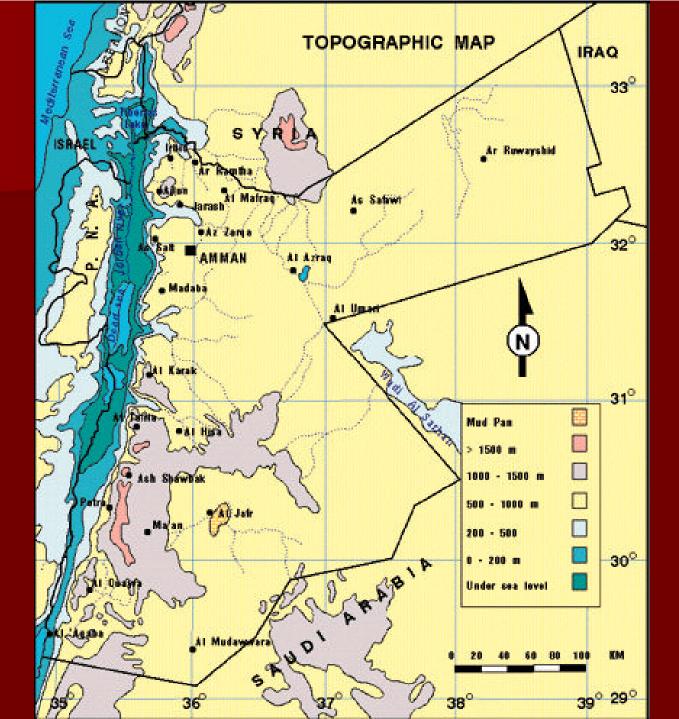
Conclusions

- ? The estimated water deficit, together with the drop in water availability per capita and shortage of water for food could result in threat to the socio-economical development of Jordan and the quality of life of Jordanians.
- ? Thus efforts shall be directed to alleviate the problem through joint collaboration and assistance. International assistance directed to the water sector has always been acknowledged and appreciated and is crucial.











References

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- ? Royal Geographic Center
- ? Water Strategy, MWI
- ? Agriculture Plan, Ministry of Agriculture
- ? Water Resources Management Report, JICA study